

History of computer graphics

CS 248 - Introduction to Computer Graphics

Autumn quarter, 2001

Slides for September 27 lecture

Ivan Sutherland (1963) - SKETCHPAD



pop-up menus
constraint-based drawing
hierarchical modeling



Display hardware

vector displays

- 1963 – modified oscilloscope
- 1974 – Evans and Sutherland Picture System

raster displays

- 1975 – Evans and Sutherland frame buffer
- 1980s – cheap frame buffers ? bit-mapped personal computers
- 1990s – liquid-crystal displays ? laptops
- 2000s – micro-mirror projectors ? digital cinema

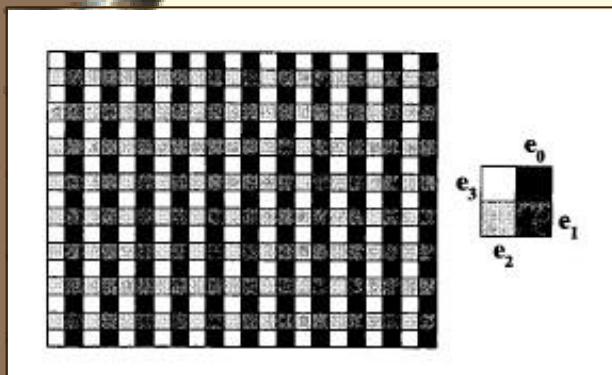
other

- stereo, head-mounted displays
- autostereoscopic displays
- tactile, haptic, sound

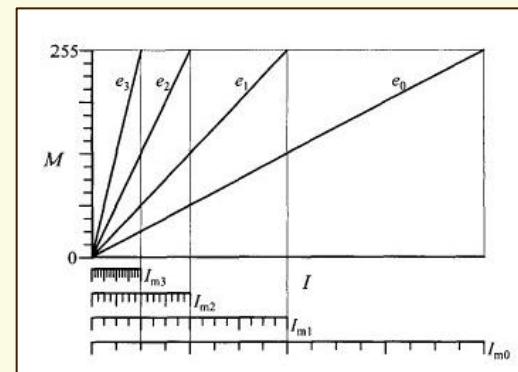
Input hardware

2D

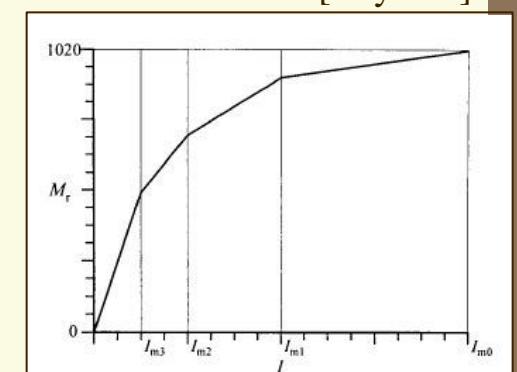
- light pen, tablet, mouse, joystick, track ball, touch panel, etc.
- 1970s & 80s - CCD analog image sensor + frame grabber
- 1990s & 2000's - CMOS digital sensor + in-camera processing
 - ? high-X imaging (dynamic range, resolution, depth of field,...)



?

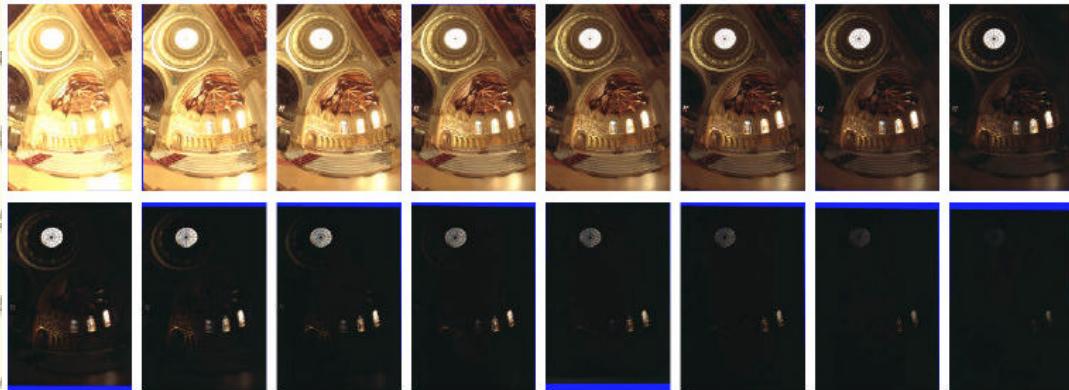


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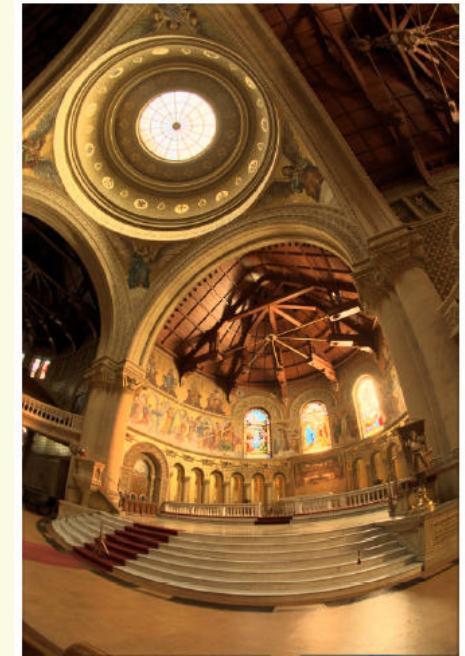


[Nayar00]

negative film = 130:1 (7 stops)
paper prints = 46:1
[Debevec97] = 250,000:1 (18 stops)



?





Input hardware

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3D

- 3D trackers
- multiple cameras
- active rangefinders

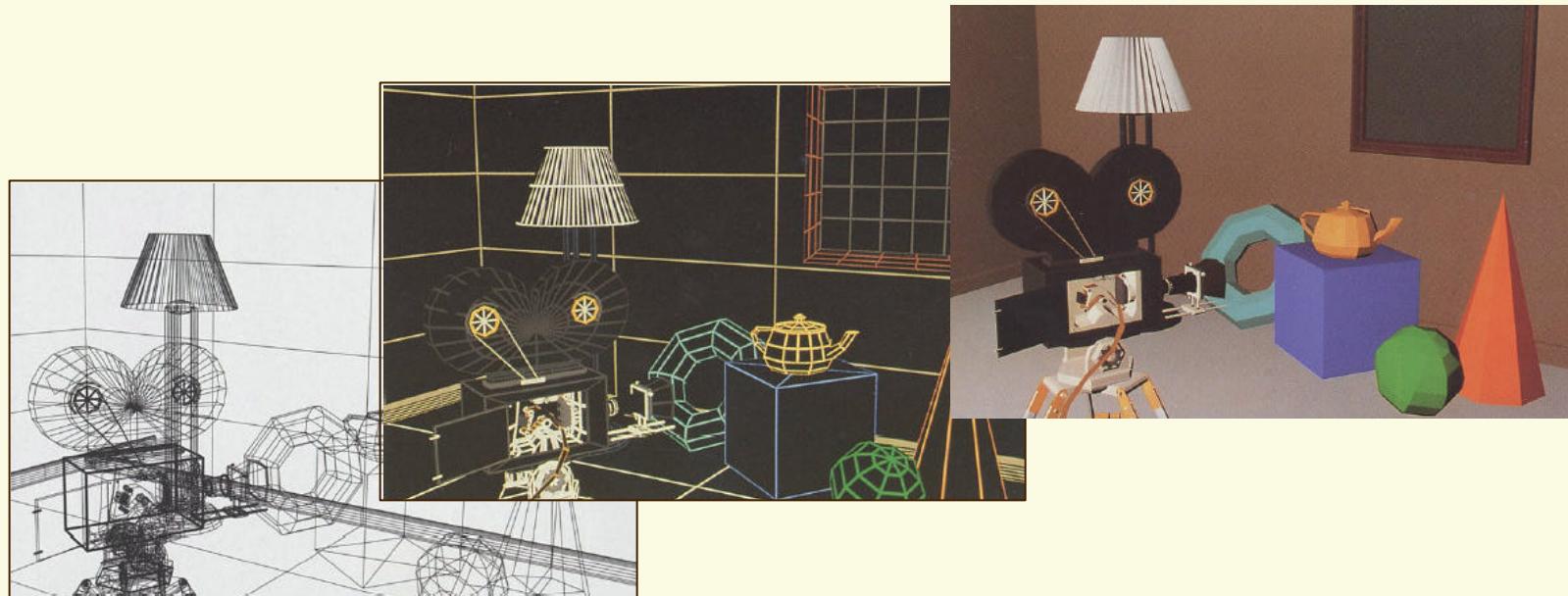
other

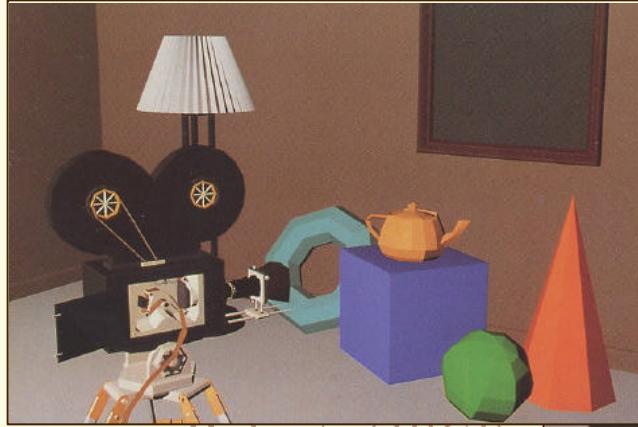
- data gloves
- voice

Rendering

1960s - the visibility problem

- Roberts (1963), Appel (1967) - hidden-line algorithms
- Warnock (1969), Watkins (1970) - hidden-surface algorithms
- Sutherland (1974) - visibility = sorting





- Roberts (1963), Warnock (1969), Watkins (1970) - ray tracing
- Sutherland (1974) - visibility = sorting

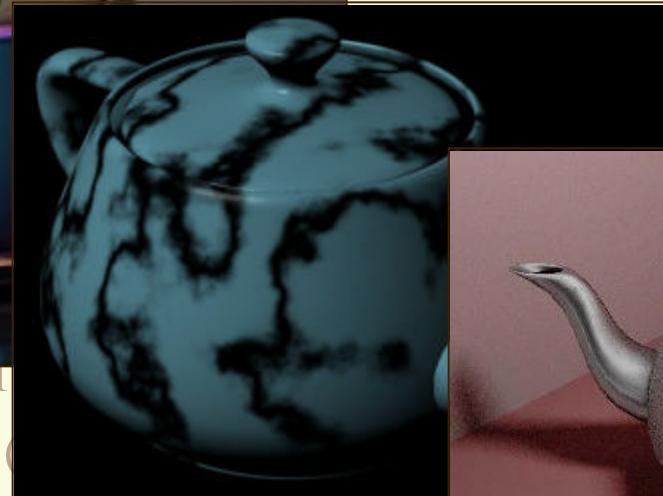


1970s - raster graphics

- Gouraud (1971) - diffuse lighting
- Phong (1974) - specular lighting
- Blinn (1974) - curved surfaces, texture
- Catmull (1974) - Z-buffer hidden-surface algorithm
- Crow (1977) - anti-aliasing



– Warnock (1972)
– Sutherland (1974)

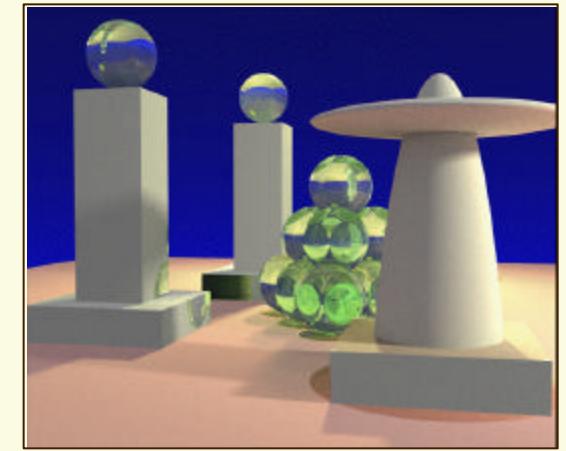
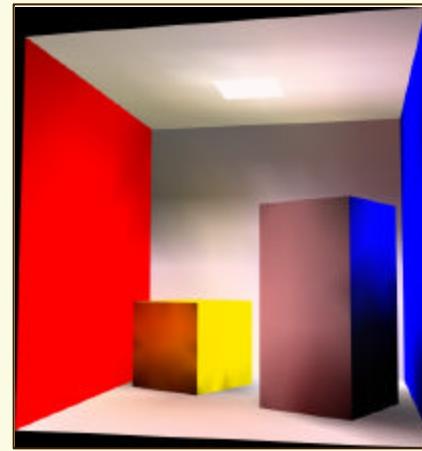
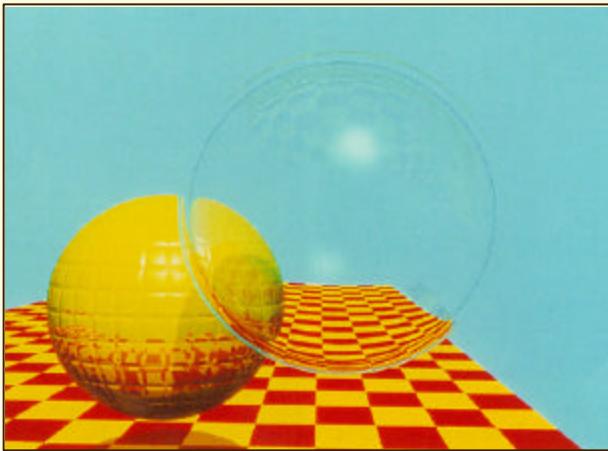


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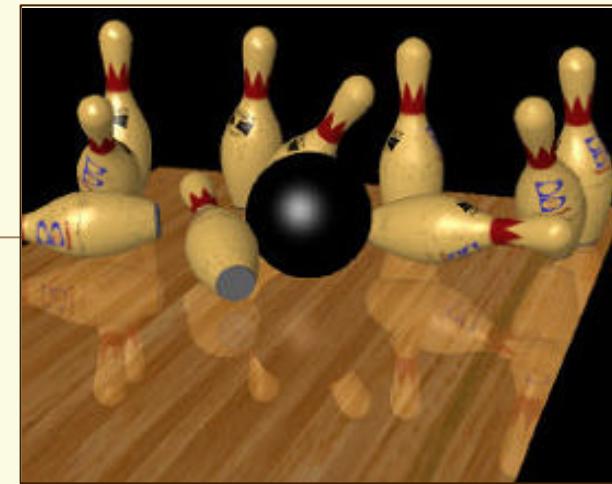
early 1980s - global illumination

- Whitted (1980) - ray tracing
- Goral, Torrance et al. (1984), Cohen (1985) - radiosity
- Kajiya (1986) - the rendering equation





- Whitted (1980) - ray tracing
- Goral, Torrance et al. (1984) - shading trees
- Kajiya (1986) - the rendering equation



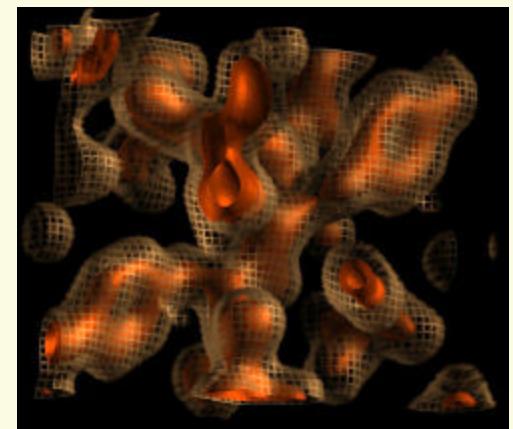
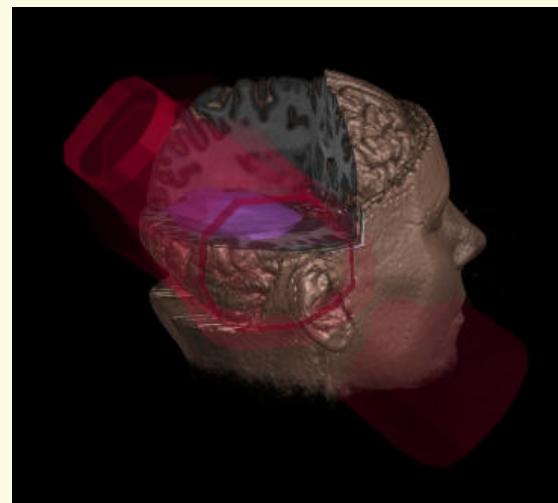
(1985) - radiosity

late 1980s - photorealism

- Cook (1984) - shade trees
- Perlin (1985) - shading languages
- Hanrahan and Lawson (1990) - RenderMan

early 1990s - non-photorealistic rendering

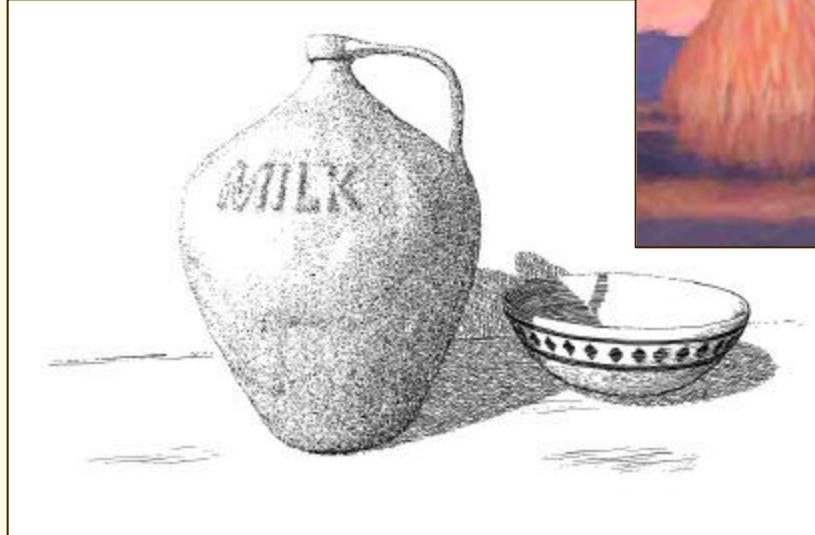
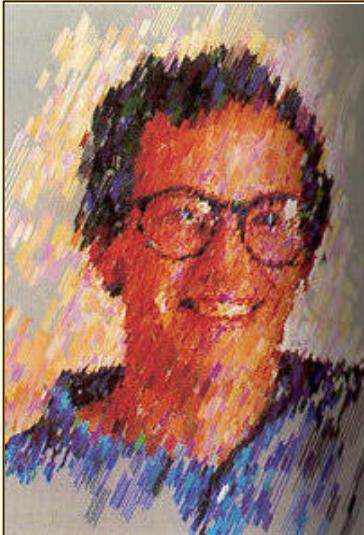
- Drebin et al. (1988), Levoy (1988) - volume rendering
- Haeberli (1990) - impressionistic paint programs
- Salesin et al. (1994-) - automatic pen-and-ink illustration
- Meier (1996) - painterly rendering





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- Drebin et al. (1988), Levoy (1988) - volume rendering
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The graphics pipeline





Modeling

polygons

constructive solid geometry

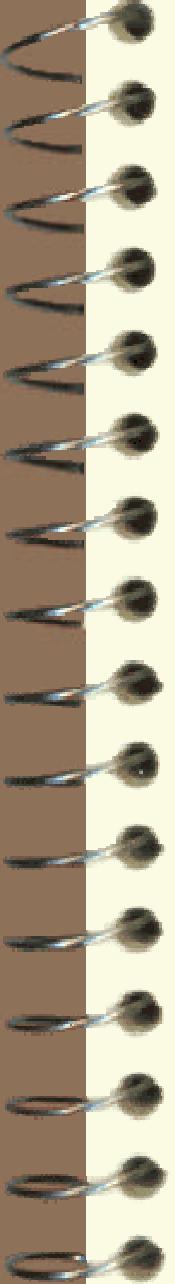
parametric surfaces

implicit surfaces

subdivision surfaces

particle systems

volumes



Animation

scripted

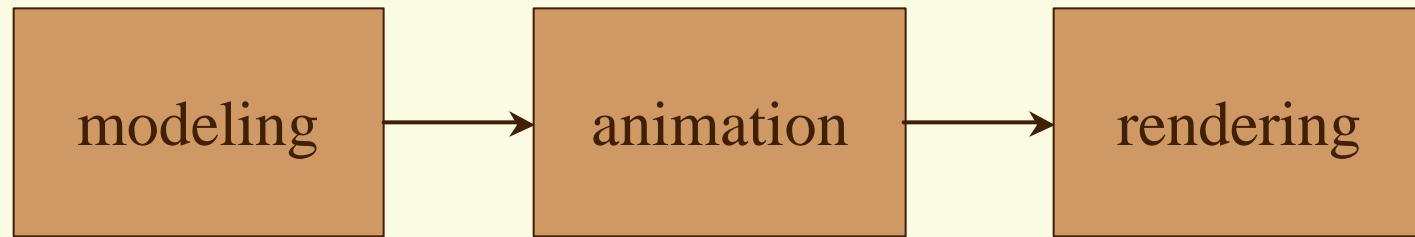
key-frame interpolation

inverse kinematics

dynamics

The graphics pipeline

the traditional pipeline



the new pipeline?

